

Case study: Marcellus

Dynamus bit with Optimus Apex cutters saved 17 hours versus the offset average in one-run tangent and curve section

A customer in the Northeast
United States was drilling horizontal
wells in the Marcellus shale for natural
gas. The limber bottom hole assembly
(BHA) required to drill the curve resulted
in problems with wellbore tortuosity in
the in the horizontal section. In order
to run a stiffer BHA in the horizontal
section, it was required that the tangent
and curve section be drilled in one run.

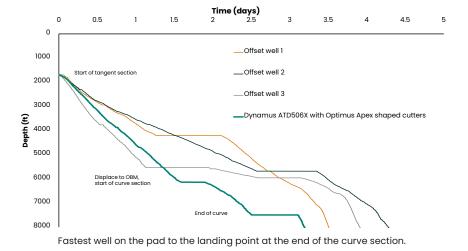
The customer reached out to Baker Hughes to provide a solution to drill the tangent and curve in one run. The Baker Hughes team proposed the 8½-in. (215.9 mm) Dynamus™ ATD506X advanced PDC drill bit with Optimus™ Apex shaped cutter technology and the AutoTrak™ Curve high build-rate rotary steerable service.

The Optimus Apex cutters provide strategically placed point loading in the cutting structure to deliver peak penetration rate in tough, ductile formations without sacrificing durability. Optimus Apex cutters have been engineered to provide the most efficient cutting action while maintaining the

durability needed in tough to drill applications.

The Dynamus AT506X with Optimus Apex cutters and the AutoTrak Curve rotary steerable service successfully drilled the tangent and curve sections in one run. The start of the tangent was at 1,694 ft (515.4 m) and the landing point was at 7,493 ft (2284 m) measured depth. The total drilled interval of 5,799 ft (1768 m) and was completed in 49 hours for an overall penetration rate of 118.3 ft/hr (36 m/hr). The result was the fastest well on the pad to the landing point that saved 17 hours versus the offset average and 8.2 hours versus the next best well.

With the tangent and curve drilled in one run, this enabled the horizontal section to be drilled with a stiffer BHA resulting in improved wellbore quality and lower torque and drag. The benefits were improved performance and a high quality wellbore that was the longest well on the pad with the horizontal section reaching a total measured depth of 26,838 ft (8180.2 m).



Challenges

- Drill tangent and curve in one run
- Improve penetration rate

Results

- Drilled the tangent and curve in one run
- Improved ROP and saved 17 hours versus the offset average